Special Agricultural Homestead

Property Tax Fact Sheet 4A

What is a Special Agricultural Homestead?

A Special Agricultural Homestead gives homestead status to property owners who do not live on their farm but actively farm their land or who have a spouse, child, sibling, parent or a grandchild who actively farms the land.

Homestead status can result in lower property taxes than property that is not homesteaded. If the land is rented to a business, such as a partnership or family farm corporation, see Fact Sheet 4B, Special Agricultural Homestead Property Owned or Leased by a Qualified Entity.

Does my property qualify?

Farm property may be classified as an agricultural homestead if certain criteria are met. The agricultural property in question must be at least 40 acres.

The person who **owns** the farm must:

- be a Minnesota resident;
- not claim another Minnesota agricultural homestead and neither can their spouse; and
- live within four townships or cities of the property.

The person who is **actively farming** the land must:

- be a Minnesota resident;
- live within four townships or cities of the property; and
- own the land or be the spouse of the owner, or the child, sibling, parent or grandchild of the owner or owner's spouse. The relationship can be by marriage or blood.

Owners who actively farm their land and live farther away than four townships or cities from the farm may still qualify if either the owner's

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employer or their spouse's employer requires them to live in employer-provided housing that is more than four townships or cities away from the farm.

What does "actively farming" mean?

A person actively farming must participate in the day-to-day labor, decision making, and management of the claimed homestead.

They also must assume all or part of the financial risks of the farm. The person does not have to live on the farm.

Actively farming does not include:

- Allowing someone other than the owner's spouse, the child, sibling, parent or grandchild of the owner or owner's spouse to farm the land.
- Just driving a truck to pick up supplies.
- Just "doing the books."

What do I need to apply?

- An application form, which is available from your county assessor's office.
- The Farm Service Agency (FSA) number of the person actively farming.
- Your assessor may also request:
 - Your federal form 156 EZ from the FSA to this application.

Your federal Schedule F or an equivalent form. You may substitute an affidavit from your tax preparer or attorney verifying that you filed the form.

• Contact your County Assessor's Office to see if you need to attach any additional documentation.

4A

Fact Sheet

This fact sheet is intended to help you become more familiar with Minnesota tax laws and your rights and responsibilities under the laws. Nothing in this fact sheet supersedes, alters, or otherwise changes any provisions of the tax law, administrative rules, court decisions, or revenue notices. Alternative formats available upon request.

Application Requirements

You must file the Special Agricultural Homestead application **every year by December 15**. It is recommended that you file near the end of the crop year.

You must file the application in each county where homestead is requested. If your property crosses a county line, make sure to apply in each county. The assessor's office will accept copies of the application so you do not have to fill out the form twice.

If you have further questions, please contact your County Assessor's Office.